

## STIMULATION BY MANGANESE(II) SULPHATE OF A cAMP-DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE FROM *ZEA MAYS* SEEDLINGS

BORIS JANISTYN

Labor für naturwissenschaftliche und gentechnische Forschung, Höfener Straße 51, D-7815 Kirchzarten, F.R.G.

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**Key Word Index**—*Zea mays*; Gramineae; maize; cAMP; manganese(II)-sulphate; protein-kinase.

**Abstract**—A cAMP-dependent protein kinase ( $M_r$  36 000) was isolated from *Zea mays* seedlings. The enzyme is stimulated six-fold against the control by 0.9 mM  $MnSO_4$ .

### INTRODUCTION

As described earlier [1], the highest cAMP dependent protein kinase activity of a purified maize coleoptile homogenate by electrophoresis was in the 36 000 region. The concentration of  $MnSO_4$  in these assay mixtures was less than 0.1 mM;  $MgCl_2$  5 mM and EDTA was 1 mM and the  $[\gamma-^{32}P]$ -ATP activity was 5  $\mu$ Ci (185 kBq).

Further investigations surprisingly showed a direct requirement of this cAMP-dependent protein kinase for  $Mn^{2+}$ . This is the first time that a requirement for a cAMP dependent protein kinase for  $MnSO_4$ , as shown in Fig. 1, has been described for a homogenate of a higher plant material.

The conditions for the kinase assays were the same as described in [1] with the following modifications. The buffer used contained 30 mM Tris-HCl, 5 mM  $MgCl_2$  and 0.1 mM ascorbic acid (pH 6, 8). The concentration of  $MnSO_4$  in the final volume of the reaction mixture of 80  $\mu$ l increased from 0 to 2.0 mM.

The dependence of the cAMP stimulation on the  $MnSO_4$  concentration showed a rather sharp optimum at ca 0.9 mM, with activity falling off rapidly at higher levels of  $MnSO_4$ . The cAMP dependent protein kinase activity is more than twice of that found earlier [1]. When  $MnSO_4$  was replaced by  $NiSO_4$ ,  $CoSO_4$  or  $FeSO_4$  in the reaction mixture cAMP had only little effect on the protein kinase activity. In the absence of added cAMP,  $MnSO_4$  was slightly stimulatory at about 0.8 mM. Other cyclic nucleotides as cUMP, cCMP, cIMP and cGMP showed no stimulatory effects.

In 1969 a very similar requirement for a cAMP dependent protein kinase for  $MnCl_2$  was reported in *Escherichia coli* [2]. Whereas the concentrations of cAMP and  $Mn^{2+}$  were in the same order of magnitude to stimulate the protein kinase, no  $MgCl_2$  was required because in this case  $Mn^{2+}$  substituted  $Mg^{2+}$ . In respect to the discussions about the nature and character of the cAMP dependent protein kinases in higher plants (3), the cAMP- $Mn^{2+}$  dependent protein kinases may be evolutionarily conserved. Another  $Mn^{2+}$ -stimulated protein kinase has recently been described in *Pisum sativum* [4].

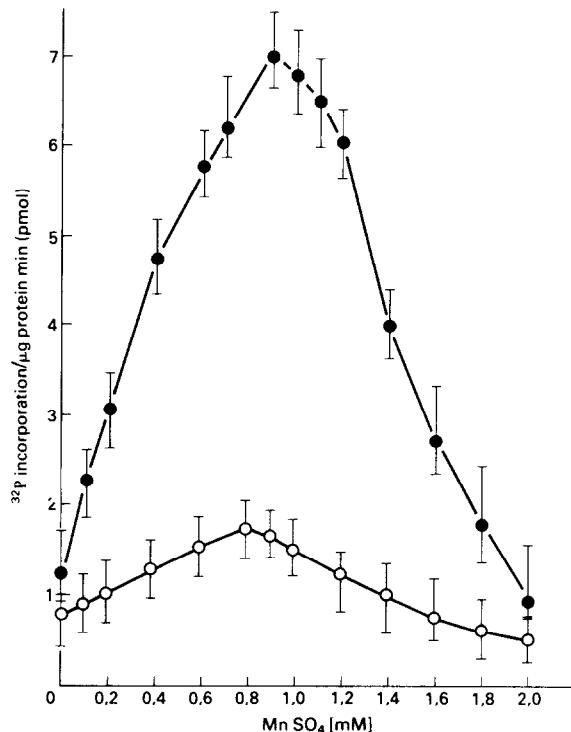


Fig. 1. Effect of  $MnSO_4$  on histone II-A phosphorylation catalysed by an isolated protein kinase from maize coleoptile homogenate in the presence (●) or absence (○) of cAMP ( $6 \times 10^{-6}$  M). Further information is given in the text. I indicates the SE for three fold measured samples.

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